

## CONF N°4 ANGLAIS

### VOCABULAIRE

Estropier	cripple	incapacitate
Bulbe rachidien	medulla oblongata	
Scissure	fissure	
Complaisance	complacency	
Cellules caliciformes	the goblet cells	

### ANAT DU SYSTÈME RESPIRATOIRE

A ring of hyaline cartilage that forms the inferior wall of the larynx is called the cricoid cartilage.

The external openings of the nose are called the nares, nares.

The trachea is also called the windpipe

The pharynx is also called the voice box.

The larynx is also called the gullet.

The thyroid cartilage is also called Adam's apple.

The two paired cone-shaped organs lying in the thoracic cavity are the lungs.

The region through which bronchi, pulmonary blood vessels, lymphatic vessels and nerves enter and exit is called the hilus.

« Air-sac » is another word to designate the alveolus.

The exchange of respiratory gases between the lungs and the blood takes place by diffusion across capillary and alveolar walls.

Normal quiet breathing is called eupnea.

The volume of one breath is called the tidal volume.

The respiratory center is a widely dispersed group of neurons that is functionally divided into three areas situated in the pons and medulla oblongata.